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APPLICATION NO.	FILING	DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/531,506	10/03	3/2005	Mao-Hsiung Yen	U 015722-1	U 015722-1 8980		
140 LADAS & PA	7590 ARRY	05/31/2007		EXAM	EXAMINER		
26 WEST 615		PESELEV, ELLI					
NEW YORK,	, NY 10023			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
				1623			
				MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
				05/31/2007	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)						
	Office Action Occurrence	10/531,506	YEN ET AL.						
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
		Elli Peselev	1623	,					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status	·								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on								
	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.								
	,—								
/	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims									
4) 又	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-57</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6)⊠	S)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-57</u> is/are rejected.								
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicati	on Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.									
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119	·							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).									
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:									
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No								
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage								
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).									
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
		$\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{dx} dx \frac{dx}{dx}$ $= \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{dx} dx$							
Attachment	c(s)								
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary							
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  Notice of Informal Patent Application									
	r No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	arent Whitearton						

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1 44.

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it has not ben presented in the proper domestic form. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claims 1-57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

A conclusion of lack of enablement means that, based on the evidence regarding each of the factors below, the specification, at the time the application was filed, would not have taught one skilled in the art how to make and/or use the full scope of the invention without undue experimentation.

## (A) The breadth of the claims.

Claims 1-10 and 12-13 encompass an enormous number of compounds having great variations in structural formulas. For example, a compound of formula (I) as encompassed by claim 1 wherein R1, R2 and R2 is H and X2 and X3 are phenyls would not be expected to have the same properties and activity as a compound of formula (I) wherein R1, R2 and R3 are carbohydrates, and X2 and X3 are S-alkyl.

The methods claims 14-54 encompass treatment of enormous number of unrelated diseases, while the specification fails to provide any evidence of the treatment of even a single disease.

(B) The level of predictability in the art.

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The activity of various flavones is unpredictable. For, example, Lee et al (WO 01/30342) disclose in Example 2 that of the eight favone compounds tested, only oroxylin A inhibited LPS- induced COX-2 gene expression in both protein and mRNA levels.

(C) The existence of working examples.

The working example to the in vitro effect of baicalein on plasma THF-alpha, superoxide anion, nitrate and iNOS. However, there is no correlation between the levels of THF-alpha, superoxide anion, plasma nitrate and iNOS in the treatment of any diseases. Further, the present claims are not directed to baicalein. Therefore, there are no working examples showing any activity of the claimed compounds.

(D) The quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure.

Because there is no way to predict a priori which specific compounds encompassed by the present claims will be useful for treating which specific disease or condition, it would take an enormous amount of experimentation to determine the effectiveness of the claimed compounds and methods.

Claims 1-10, 12-23 and 55-57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1-10 and 12-23 are indefinite in that the variable "n" has not been defined.

Claims 55-57 are indefinite in that a compound of formula I has not been defined i.e. it is not clear from the claims what is being prepared.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Cassels et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,756,538).

Cassels et al disclose the claimed compounds wherein R1, R2, and R3 are each independently H, alkyl, alkenyl or a carbohydrate, X1 is aryl or substituted aryl and X 2 is X3-T and X3-T. (column 1, lines 45-63).

Claims 1-55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Hendler et al (U.S. Patent No. 6,541,613).

Handler et al disclose the claimed compounds wherein R1, R2 and R3 are each independently H, alkyl or carbohydrate, X1 is X3-T, wherein X3 is H and T is H and X2 is aryl.(column 10). Hendler et al also disclose the use of said compound for the treatment of leukemia (column 7, lines 19-42).

Claims 1-55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Lee et al (WO 01/30342).

Lee et al disclose the claimed compounds (pages 15-16) and a method for treating septic shock (page 66, lines 29-24).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elli Peselev whose telephone number is (571) 272-0659. The examiner can normally be reached on 8.00-4.30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Shaojia Jiang can be reached on (571) 272-0627. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Elli Peselev

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